

FOR INTERNAL USE ONLY	
Certification Number:	_

2320 SOUTH DUPONT HIGHWAY DOVER, DELAWARE 19901 AGRICULTURE.DELAWARE.GOV

ACRES AND CROPS

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ANNUAL IMPLEMENTATION REPORT QUESTIONNAIRE

A glossary is provided at the end of the survey. Words with an * next to them have more information provided in the glossary.

How many total acres did you farm in Delaware in 2025?							
From the total acreage, please indicate the acreage breakd indicate the specific crop type and the cumulative acres for more space, please attach an accompanying sheet.							
Crop Type	Total Acreage of Crop Type						
Corn							
Soybean							
Wheat							
Other:							
Other:							
Other:							
How many acres were double cropped on your farm in Delaware in 2025?							
How many acres of cover crop* did you plant in 2025?	Cost-Shared* Cover Crop Acreage:	Non-Cost-Shared Cover Crop Acreage:					
How many acres of irrigated land did you farm in Delaware in 2025?		-					
How many acres did you fertigate* on your farm in Delaware in 2025?							
How many acres of pasture did you have on your farm in Delaware in 2025?							
FIELD BORDERS							
Are your fields bordered by a minimum of a 10-foot grass or tree buffer*?	□ Yes	□ No					
EQUIPMENT							
For nutrient application, do you use (owned or contracted) GPS* guided equipment?	□ Yes	□ No					
What equipment do you use (owned or contracted) that is variable rate*? Check all that apply.							
☐ Planter ☐ Sprayer	□ Spreader	□ Irrigation					

SOIL TESTING								
How often are soil test acres?	ts pulled on 100% of you	ır	☐ Annually ☐ Every		-	•		
My soil samples are pu	ılled by:		☐ Myself or an employee				☐ A consultant or a company	
What season do you take soil samples? Check all that apply.								
□ Fall	□ Winter		☐ Sprii	ng			Summer	
What scale are your soil samples pulled? Check all that apply and provide the average acreage scale* for each type.							ale* for each type.	
Scale Type	Scale Type Average Acreage Scale							
□ Field*								
□ Zone*								
□ Grid*								
MANURE APPLICATION								
How did you apply ma	nure? Check all that app	oly.	□ Broadca	ast*	□ Inje	ect*	☐ I did not apply manure. (Skip Manure Application Section)	
Did you incorporate* y	our manure?		□ Yes			□ No	•	
Within what time frame did you incorporate manure? Assume ideal conditions.		☐ Within 24 hours			☐ Within 48 hours			
Is your manure tested for nutrient composition?		□ Yes			□ No			
How often do you test each source of manure?		☐ Annually			□ Bi-Annually			
What seasons do you	typically apply manure?	Check all					,	
☐ Spring	□ Summer				nter (excluding 12/7 ough 2/15)			
FERTILIZATION								
How do you apply N a	nd P fertilizer? Mark all	that	□ Broadca	ıst	□ Bar	nding*	□ In-Furrow*	
What percentage of y the following times?	our nutrients did you a	apply at	·		Starter* percentage:		Side-dress* percentage:	
How did you determine your nitrogen side-dress		□ PSNT		□ Nitrogen		□ According		
rate? Check all that apply.		(Pre-Sidedress Nitrate Test)*		Modeling*		to my plan		
Are there areas on your farm where you are careful not to place fertilizer?		□ Yes		□ No	□ No			
Which of the following enhanced efficiency fertilizers* do you use?								
□ Urease Inhibitor*	☐ Nitrification Inhibitor*		Nitrogen pilizer*		Other	-	□ None	

GLOSSARY

Average Acreage Scale: The unit area for which you are using to determine your sampling methods. For example, the soil test report(s) you received apply to fields/sections of a field with an average size of 10-20, 20-30 or 30-40 acres.

Banding: a fertilization practice that applies nutrients in rows at a predetermined distance from the planted crop seed **Broadcast:** the practice of surface spreading fertilizers or manure on top of the field

Buffer: natural or artificial vegetated area maintained alongside agricultural fields to help mitigate and control the air, soil, and water quality

Cost-Share: a program that pays the grower to participate if all guidelines are met

Cover Crop: a crop planted during the winter months in fields that would otherwise be fallow to prevent the loss of soil nutrients, minimize soil erosion, and enhance soil properties; this crop is to benefit the soil and water quality and generally not to be harvested

Enhanced Efficiency Fertilizer

This is not a comprehensive listing of all products provided by the agricultural service providers. If you're unsure if the products you purchased fall into these categories, please reach out to your service provider for further details or refer to the product label.

Nitrification Inhibitor: a fertilizer additive that slows the conversion of ammonium to nitrate, which prolongs the period of time that nitrogen is in the "protected" form and reduces its loss from the soil by leaching and denitrification (below-ground protection).

Examples: Nitrapyrin, DCD, Eco N-D, and Eco n Total

Nitrogen Stabilizer: a fertilizer additive to decrease off-target movement of nitrogen – decreasing volatilization, leaching, and/or denitrification – allowing increased uptake by crops

Examples: Instinct, DCD, Agrotain Plus, Eco N-D, and Eco N Total

Urease Inhibitor: a fertilizer additive that slows the conversion of urea to ammonia, thus reducing the loss of nitrogen through volatilization (above-ground protection)

Examples: Agrotain Ultra, Anvol, NBPT, and Eco N-V

Fertigate: fertilization occurs by mixing fertilizer nutrients into the irrigation water

Field: a soil sample taken is used to represent the entire field

GPS (Global Positioning System): computer technology using satellites to identify a precise location

Grid: a uniform network of sectioned field areas, usually about 5 acres

In-Furrow: a narrow trenched row, typically where seed is planted

Incorporate: a practice that mixes manure or fertilizer into the soil profile (tillage, vertical tillage)

Inject: the application practice of placing manure and/or chemical fertilizer under the soil surface without tillage

Nitrogen Modeling: a management tool offered by consultants recommending nitrogen applications based on a variety of factors throughout a growing season

Pre-Plant: the application of fertilizer days or weeks prior to planting the crop

PSNT (Pre-Sidedress Nitrate Test): an in-season soil test used to determine if a yield response is likely from additional application of side-dress nitrogen

Side-dress: the application of fertilizer to crop in-season/during high nitrogen uptake, typically for corn between 12-24 inches tall

Starter: the application of fertilizer at roughly the same time as planting crop

Variable Rate: a type of application where the material (seed, fertilizer, irrigation, etc.) is applied based on a specific need-based prescription for differing areas within a field

Zone: a series of sectioned field areas that are grouped by similar characteristics. This may be done in the field by soil type, landscape positioning, drainage type, etc.